| C | $\mathrm{C} \#$ | Db | D | $\mathrm{D} \#$ | Eb | E | F | $\mathrm{F} \#$ | Gb | G | $\mathrm{G} \#$ | Ab | A | $\mathrm{A} \#$ | Bb | B | C |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Do | Di | Ra | Re | Ri | Me | Mi | Fa | Fi | Se | Sol | Si | Le | La | Li | Te | Ti | Do |
| $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 1}$ | 0 |

How to create chords using integer notation

|  | Root | 3rd | 5th | 7th or 6th |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Inversions: | Root <br> Position | 1st <br> Inversion | 2nd <br> Inversion | 3rd <br> Inversion |
| CHORDS THAT ALWAYS |  |  |  |  |
| HAVE | X+4 AS THE THIRD (MAJOR THIRD) |  |  |  |

CHORDS THAT ALWAYS HAVE X+3 (MINOR 3RD)

| Major Triad Chord: | X | X+4 | X+7 | No 7th |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | C | E | G | No 7th |
| Minor Triad Chord: | X | X+3 | X+7 | No 7th |
|  | C | Eb | G | No 7th |
| Minor triad | X | X+3 | X+7 | X +11 |
| Major 7th | C | Eb | G | B |
| Minor 7th chord | X | X+3 | X+7 | X+10 |
|  | C | Eb | G | Bb |
| Minor 6th chord | X | X+3 | X+7 | X+9 |
|  | C | Eb | G | A |

## CHORDS IN WHICH THE 5TH IS ALTERED

| Diminished Triad | X | X+3 | X+6 | NO 7th |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | C | Eb | Gb | No 7th |
| Dominant 7th Chord | X | X+4 | X+7 | X+10 |
|  | C | E | G | Bb |
| 7th chord diminished 5th | X | X+4 | X+6 | X+10 |
|  | C | E | Gb | Bb |
| Half Diminished 7th Chord | X | X+3 | X+6 | X+10 |
|  | C | Eb | Gb | Bb |
| Fully Diminished 7th Chord | X | X+3 | X+6 | X+9 |
|  | C | Eb | Gb | A |
| Major 7th Augmented 5th: | X | X+4 | X+8 | X+11 |
|  | C | E | G\# | B |
| Augmented | X | X+4 | X+8 | X+11 |
| 7th Chord | C | E | G\# | X+10 |

Simpler format of above equations, just add the intervals to the note in question

CHORDS THAT ALWAYS HAVE X+4 (MAJOR 3RD)
Major triad chord: $x+4,7$
Major 7th chord: $\mathrm{x}+4,7,11$
Dominant 7th chord: $\mathrm{X}+3,7,10$
Major 6 chord: $\mathrm{x}+4,7,9$

## CHORDS THAT ALWAYS HAVE X+3 (MINOR THIRD)

Minor triad/7 chord: $\mathrm{X}+3,7$
Minor 7th chord: X+3, 7, 10
Minor 6 chord: X+3, 7, 9

## CHORDS THAT ARE JUST WEIRD (DON'T WORRY ABOUT THEM)

Half Diminished 7th Chord: X+ 3, 6, 10
Diminished Triad: X+3,6
Diminished 7th Chord: X+3, 6 ,9
Augmented Chord: X+4, 8

## EXAMPLE OF A SCALE

Whole Tone Scale in Integer Notation: The whole tone scale is just going every other note, or moving through the pitches in whole steps:
$0,2,4,6,8,10,0$
$1,3,5,7,9,11,1$

